

Mr. Justice Starbuck, who presided at the famous trial of Daniel vs. Dickwick, is writing a series of letters to the morning paper on the Guitau case.

A report was started on Tuesday that Guitau had attempted suicide. Unfortunately, there is no truth in the report. He is too much of a coward to remove himself.

John R. Thomas, Congressman from the Eighth Illinois district, is a strange character. He has not made his appearance among the constituents for over a year. His house was recently sold under foreclosure proceedings for \$500, and he was advertised in his home paper as a non-resident.

Colonel E. W. Keyes, when interviewed on Tuesday, said he "had heard nothing further than was in the newspapers concerning the report that Congressman Lucien B. Caswell had withdrawn a favorable recommendation for him and given the Madison postoffice to A. S. Frank. Such action had not taken place and Mr. Frank will not be postmaster of Madison for some time to come."

A Milwaukee dispatch says several changes were made in the offices of the Northwestern Mutual Life on Monday. Matthew Keenan, the vice president, was placed in sole charge of the loan agency; Willard Merrill, the secretary, was given charge of all the outside agencies, and James W. Skinner, the assistant secretary, was promoted to the secretaryship of the organization. The changes give entire satisfaction to those interested.

The oldest postmasters in Wisconsin, in point of service, are M. H. Gansing, of Fort Atkinson; J. T. Moak, of Watertown; and E. W. Keyes. These three began with Lincoln's first administration and have been continually in office since that time, and have also made efficient public servants. The statement of the Fond du Lac Commonwealth that Postmaster Enos, of Waukesha, received his appointment about the time the others did, is hardly sustained by facts. He began his present term, we think, in 1871, nearly ten years after the others were appointed to office.

The Milwaukee Sentinel howls because its charges against the Industrial School for Boys were not sustained by the testimony during the investigation, and gives the following as the reason: "Boys released from the Waukesha industrial school before attaining the age of 21 are sent out on tickets of leave which are revocable at any time. They are therefore unwilling to make statements not favorable to the school for fear of being re-arrested and recalled. They do so now and then, however, and it called upon by parties in authority would probably in most cases divulge all they know about matters connected with the institution."

George William Curtis in the "Editor's Easy Chair" of Harper's Monthly, in speaking of anonymous writers, says: "To condemn an anonymous writer as a more masked bravo who stabs in the dark is an unfair trick of rhetoric, because the person who is attacked may expose the falsity of the charge and the malice of the intent, and so drive the blow back upon the masker." If anonymous writers would aim at the truth and shoot straight to the mark, and not deal a misrepresentation there could be no objections to masking, but the anonymous writer the Gazette has condemned, is the one who does not aim at truth, and writes under a mask simply because his motives are malicious, and dares not let the real person stand in the broad sun-light of public sentiment.

As was stated in the daily Gazette on Tuesday, Mr. Howe was nominated for the position of Postmaster General and without ceremony was confirmed by the Senate. This appointment will be hailed with much rejoicing by the friends of the ex-Senator in this State, and that he has the ability to manage the postoffice department of the government in a manner which will be thoroughly efficient, no one who knows him will doubt for a moment. Mr. Howe has been in public life almost constantly for the past thirty-six years. In 1845 he was a member of the Maine Legislature. He came to Wisconsin the next year, and in 1850 was elected Judge of the Green Bay Circuit, which he held till 1855. In 1861 he was elected to the United States Senate, serving continually for eighteen years.

A touching story comes from Cincinnati of an old man named Woods who was before the war a wealthy citizen of Kentucky. He owned fifty slaves and had a large plantation. While Mr. Woods was in prosperous circumstances he bought a negro and his two sisters at public sale, who had been separated at different owners. He did this after much expense and delay simply as an act of kindness to the brother and his sisters, and took the three to his own home that they might live under the same roof. The war came with its devastating armies and Mr. Woods was stripped of everything. He is now old and not able to care for himself, and is in happy dependence upon the charity of these three former slaves under whose roof he finds shelter, and around whose board he finds hospitality and abundance. They are in good circumstances, and feel that they owe him a debt of gratitude they can

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

**The Lost Arctic Steamer Jeannette Discovered off the Siberian Coast.**

**The Steamer is Crushed in the Ice in Latitude 77, Longitude 157.**

**Two Boat Loads of the Crew Arrive Safely at the Mouth of the Lena River.**

**One Boat Load of the Crew Separated in a Fog and are Missing.**

**The Great Vanderbilt-Webb Wedding in New York.**

**The Confirmation of ex-Senator Howe as Postmaster-General.**

**Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous News Items.**

### THE COMMITTEES.

Special to the Gazette.

WASHINGTON, December 21.—Speaker Keifer announced the committees today, with the following chairman:

Election—W. H. Calkins, Indiana.

Ways and Means—W. D. Kelley, Pennsylvania.

Appropriations—Frank Hancock, New York.

Judiciary—T. B. Reed, Maine.

Banking—W. W. Crope, Massachusetts.

Commerce—H. F. Page, California.

Agriculture—E. K. Valentine, Nebraska.

Foreign Affairs—C. G. Williams, Wisconsin.

Military—T. J. Henderson, Illinois.

Naval—Parish.

Postoffice—H. G. Bingham, Pennsylvania.

Public Lands—T. C. Pundt, Wisconsin.

Indian Affairs—D. G. Haskell, Kansas.

Territories—J. H. Burroughs, Missouri.

Railways—A. Townsend, Ohio.

Manufactures—Connell.

Mines—J. Van Voorhees, New York.

The following are the members of the chairmanships as telegraphed to the Gazette:

Public Buildings—Shattouberger, Pa.

Pacific Railroad, Hazleton; Mississippi Improvements, Thomas; Education, Updegraff; Militia, Sprague; Patents, Young, of Ohio; Invalid Pensions, Brown, of Indiana; Pensions, Marsh;

Claims, Crowley, of New York; War Claims, Hank, of Tennessee; Expenditures, Randall, of Pennsylvania; Private Land Claims, Peck, of California; District Columbia, Neal, of Oregon; Laws, McKenney, Ohio; Expenditures State Dept. Deering; Treasury, Balford, Colorado; War, Briggs, New Hampshire; Navy, Robeson, New Jersey; Postoffice, Cannon, Illinois; Interior, Hubbell, Michigan; Dept. Justice, Willets, Michigan; Expenditure on Public Buildings, Ewell, Pennsylvania; Rules, Speaker Accounts, Urner, Maryland; Mileage, Jorgensen, Virginia; Library, McCook, New York; Printing, Van Horn; Enrolled Bills, Aldrich, Illinois.

### THE JEANNETTE.

New York, Dec. 21.—The Herald editorially: "Happily, the news of the loss of the Jeannette has one feature in it which strikingly differs from the story of arctic calamities in general. There is definite intelligence that more than two thirds of the ship's company reached land safely, and there is fair reason to believe that not a soul was lost, if those not in boats Nos. 1 and 3 were in boat No. 2. Probably the ship had been beset in ice through the winter near where she was crushed, and it was the movement of its breaking up that destroyed her.

In due season we shall know the results of the exploration and what addition the voyage may make to our knowledge of the arctic zone. Further details will soon reach us. The kindly interest Russia has manifested in the fate of the gallant heroes of the Jeannette, and the energetic efforts she is making to restore them to the civilized world, will be appreciated by every American, and it is to be hoped she will receive a formal communication from the Government of the United States."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Secretary of State Frelinghuysen received today the following telegram from the Charge d'Affaires of the United States at St. Petersburg:

"Secretary of State, Washington: The Jeannette was crushed in the ice June 11, in latitude 77, longitude 157. The crew embarked in three boats, and were separated by wind and fog. Number 3 with eleven men, Engineer Melville commanding, reached the mouth of the Lena, Sept. 19. Subsequently No. 1, with Captain DeLong, Dr. Ambler, and twelve men, reached the Lena in a pitiable condition. Prompt assistance was sent. Number two is not heard from."

"HOFFMAN, St. Petersburg."

In response to the above the following was transmitted:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, Dec. 20, 1881.—Hoffmann, Charge, St. Petersburg: Under the hearty thanks of the President to all the authorities or persons who have in any way been instrumental in assisting the unfortunate

## HOWE APPOINTED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—The nomination of ex-Senator T. O. Howe, of Wisconsin, to be Postmaster General, was sent to the Senate to-day, and immediately confirmed. President Arthur's cabinet will be completed when the Secretary of the Navy and Secretary of the Interior are filled. If Mr. Postwell will accept the navy portfolio he can have it. If he refuse it will probably be given to another New Englander. The interior department will probably be given either to ex-Senator Chaffee, of Colorado, or to ex-Senator Sargent, of California. Mr. Howe will have very little to do with the past. His exertions must be devoted to the protection of the treasury from the raids of contractors in the future.

Postmaster-General James has the satisfaction, upon retiring, of the knowledge that, during his brief term of office, the ring has been completely demolished, and the evidences of its frauds secured. This ample evidence has been in great part already given to the officers of the department of justice, and in future, the public will look to Mr. Brown rather than to Mr. Howe for prompt results from the evidence secured by General James of frauds in the star route service.

Alderman Tucker, Boston, says you may state that I have paid for medicine and treatment in 20 years \$3.00, without receiving permanent benefit. Entirely cured of his disease (salt rheum) by Cuticura Remedies.

H. E. Carpenter, Esq., Henderson, N. Y., cured of Scrofula or Leprosy, of twenty years' standing, by the Cuticura Remedies internally, and Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally. The most wonderful case on record.

## A WEALTHY WEDDING.

**Revisiting Music, Sparkling Diamonds, Rich Perfume of Flowers, and a Brilliant Night Over All.**

New York, Dec. 20.—The Vanderbilt-Webb wedding took place to-day. Lolla Osgood Vanderbilt, youngest daughter of William H. Vanderbilt, was married this afternoon, in St. Bartholomew's church, to Dr. William Seward Webb, son of General James Watson Webb. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. St. M. Cook, rector of St. Bartholomew's, assisted by the Rev. R. S. Howland, rector of the church of the Heavenly Rest. Bishop Potter pronounced the benediction.

The bride was attired in a dress made by Worth, of Paris. It was a silver satin gown, veiled with the richest point lace, and flounced in front. A veil of point lace extended to the end of the train, and was fastened to the collar by a mass of diamonds.

The presents were elegant. Among them magnificent diamonds from the mother of the bride, and diamonds and silver from Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt and Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, D. O. Mills, and others. It was reported the father of the bride had presented Mr. Webb with his present residence on Fifth avenue and a check for \$250,000.

The bride party started on their tour, and will return in January, when a reception will be given in the new residence of the bride's parents.

The bride's travelling dress is of brown green cloth, richly braided, and trimmed with other fur, with hat to match.

## SMALL POX STATISTICS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—According to the last report of the national board of health there were 100 deaths from small-pox in the United States for the week ending Nov. 26. They occurred in the following cities: Chicago, 28; New York, 8; Hudson county, New Jersey, 11; Philadelphia, 16; Pittsburgh, 20; Richmond, Va, 12; Columbus, Miss, 1; Cincinnati, 5. A compilation of a report for the thirteen weeks ending April 2, 1881, shows that there were 614 deaths from small-pox in Philadelphia, against 80 in Chicago. The deaths in New York from the same disease during the same period numbered 91.

## CHLOROFORMED.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20.—Mr. Draper, a merchant of Hammond, Ind., about 40 years of age, died in Dr. Sovereign's dental office in the Methodist block, at the corner of Clark and Washington streets, about 4 o'clock this afternoon, when under the influence of chloroform administered by Dr. Louis Dodge to aid the dentist in extracting the patient's teeth.

Faded or Gray Hair gradually recovers its youthful color and lustre by the use of Parker's Hair Balsam, an elegant dressing, admired for its purity and rich perfume.

## A FATAL FALL.

Special to the Gazette.

CHICAGO, December 21.—An engine and pay car, belonging to the Milwaukee division of the Chicago & Northwestern road, were wrecked at Clybourn Place, early this morning, the draw bridge there being open. The conductor, named Conroy, was killed, and the engineer was injured, and will probably have his leg amputated.

BARABO, Dec. 20.—An old gentleman 83 years old, named Wm. F. Hiney, of Abtoman, walked into town yesterday stayed at the Summer House last night, and was this morning to take the 5:50 train for home. On going to the depot he stepped off an embankment landing on some rocks twenty-five feet low, receiving injuries from which it is doubtful if he can recover. He lay where he fell two hours before he was discovered.

## LIFE A BURDEN.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 20.—Rudolph Norn, a well-to-do tanner, residing on Island avenue, shot himself through the brain this forenoon in a spell of insanity he had labored under several days. He conducted a tannery on the canal in company with Mr. Breathingor, and was prospering. Though yet alive, he cannot recover. He leaves a family of a wife and four children.

## Cause and Effect.

The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See other column.

Mr. J. Van Wio informs the reporter of the San Antonio Express that his grading forces on the Mexican extension of the Sunset Railway are now at Painted Cave, on Devil's River, or about two miles beyond. There are three caves at the location, all of which are painted, the figures being buffaloes, bears, Indians with bows and arrows in warlike attitudes, Indians mounted and on the chase, squaws, etc. The caves have been tattooed entirely within, and many of these figures are still in a good state of preservation. This work was done by the red men in years long gone by, as the oldest white citizens remember these paintings, and say they look very much now as they appeared thirty and forty years ago, indicating the great age of the paintings.

Mr. Van Wio has occupied one of these caves for kitchen and dining room purposes. It is about forty feet long and ten feet wide. It is approached by climbing a hill, when the cave is entered by the side of the hill. Its mouth is covered by clusters of vines pendant from the branches and boughs of a clump of blackberry trees. In the top of this cave is a hole, extending to the surface, through which Mr. Van Wio has run two stove-pipes. Another cave still, its shape being round, and of capacity to hold seventy or eighty people is used for storage purposes. The third cave opens in a solid rock bluff, being about six feet in diameter at the mouth, and extends backward a distance of about 150 feet.

Miss Livermore is lecturing on "The Boy to To-day," who is out in front of the church waiting for "The Coming Girl."

Two girls at Greenwich, England, climbed five fences, wrenched off a lock, and plundered a house lately. It thus goes on, male burglars will have to strike like the cigar men.

A Boston paper says that "John Quincy Adams used to read the Bible through every year." It will be remembered, however, that in John's time the papers didn't publish any base ball news.

The amount of strictly millinery goods sold at wholesale in Chicago this year is \$2,000,000.

A youthful female lawyer would feel insulted at being called a bar maid, and yet that's just what she is.—Burlington Hawkeye.

Want to know how to tell the most stylish dress? Get in a crowd and mark the one that all the women turn up their noses at.—Salem Statesman.

Lesson in political economy: "Is time money?" "Yes sir, it is." "Prove it by an illustration." "Well, if you give twenty-five cents to a couple of tramps, it is a quarter to two."—Tribune.

A Four Madison man went into his cow stable the other day, and, by mistake, mixed her up a nice mash in a box full of saw-dust instead of bran. The cow, more properly supposed the hard times had come and they were all going to economize, meekly ate her supper, and that man never discovered his mistake until the next morning, when he milked that cow, and she let down half-a-gallon of turpentine, a quart of shoe-pegs, and a bundle of laths.—Burlington Hawkeye.

## LOCAL MATTERS.

**Ladies' and Gents' Stationery.**

For a good article of Writing Paper, Envelopes, Post, Ink, etc., at reasonable prices, call at the Janesville Bookstore, feb21dally

**\$1500 per year can be easily made at home working for E. G. Jiddott & Co., 10 Barclay Street, New York. Send for their catalogue and full particulars.** nov21dally

**On Thirty Days' Trial.**

We will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belt and other electrical apparatus for thirty days to young men and older persons who are afflicted with Nervous Debility, Loss of Vitality, etc., guaranteeing complete and permanent restoration of vigor and manhood. Also for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Liver and Kidney diseases, Dropsy, and many other diseases. Illustrated pamphlet sent free. Address Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich. oct21dally

## A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to-day. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station 91, New York City. nov12dally

## A POPULAR TONIC.

**For Weak Lungs and Consumption.**

No person can ever introduce to the American public, for the relief and cure of Consumption, Cough, Sore Throat, Debilitated Constitutions, Incipient or advanced stages of the disease, more potent and effective medicine than the celebrated "Tolu, Rock and Rye." The repeated and continued sales of this medicine everywhere are the best evidence of its real merits. Let us quote testimonials from every quarter of the country, attesting the stimulating, tonic and healing effects, are in possession of the most skeptical, and can be added to convince the most incredulous of the relief to be secured by the use of Tolu, Rock and Rye. feb21dally

**Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!!!**

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere 25 cents a bottle. mar21dally

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**

**Absolutely Pure.**

Tip: powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and makes the best results in cooking with the smallest amount of short weight, all-royal-baking-powder. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York.

**IN LOOKING FOR HOLIDAY GOODS!**

Don't fail to call on

**A. J. ROBERTS,**

Corner Main and Milwaukee Streets.

For BRUSH, COMB, JEWEL and PERFUME CASES. WORK BOXES. Ladies and Gentlemen's DRESSING CASES, COLOGNE BOTTLES, FINE PERFUMES, Hair, Cloth & Tooth Brushes, Cologne Stands. Drugs, Medicines. And Everything in the Drug Line. At the Sign of Golden Horse Shoe. dec21

**Notice is hereby given** that sealed proposals will be received by the Building Commissioners of Dane county, until 12 o'clock of January 6th, 1882, for furnishing all the labor and material necessary for a building for the chronophore clock on the Dane County Court House, and erecting and completing the same, including all furnaces, pipes, ventilators and all shown on the plans, said building to be completed and ready for occupancy on or before the first day of September, 1882, according to the plans and specifications adopted by the commissioners, which can be seen at the office of John Nader, architect, at the city hall, in Madison, Wis.

Bids will also be received separately on the following classes of work: 1. Carpenter work, including the necessary excavations; 2. Carpenter work at plastering; 3. Timber work; 4. Plumber's work; 5. Iron work; 6. Painting and glazing; 7. Heating apparatus, including radiators, pipes, valves, registers and dampers, guaranteed to last for the life of the building; 8. Plumbing, including the same to include all the labor and material necessary in that department, according to the specifications.

Parties to whom the contract or contracts may be awarded, will be required to give bonds with the commissioners and contractor, for the faithful performance of their contract. Proposals can be sent to Wm. Charlton, Madison, Wis.

Payments will be made in cash, at such times and in such amounts, as may be agreed upon between the commissioners and contractor. The commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids, thinking any consider not for the best interest of the county, without incurring any liabilities whatsoever.

W. M. CHARLTON, J. C. E. WARNER, MICHAEL JOHNSON, J. DENNISTON, Commissioners.

Dated Madison, Wis., December 12, 1881. dec21dally

**J. A. DENNISTON,**

Dealer in all kinds of Tropical Products, also Foreign and Domestic Table Goods.

THE greatest variety of Table Luxuries and delicacies in the west, at DENNISTON'S.

RAISINS—Choicest, London Layers, Raisins, and Valencia, at DENNISTON'S.

VERY Choice Figs, Dates, California Pears, Grapes, Oranges and Lemons, at DENNISTON'S.

HOSIERY'S Baking Powder the only healthy powder made, at DENNISTON'S.

BURNETT, Price, Lubin's and Jaqui's Flavouring Extracts and Perfumery, at DENNISTON'S.

LOOMIS, Allen & Co.'s Canned Corn, and Salsolach, none equals them at DENNISTON'S.

MINE Meat, Preserves, Fruit Butters, Jams, &c., at DENNISTON'S.

HECKEN Buck Wheat, Steam Cooked Oats, Wheat and Corn, at DENNISTON'S.

SUGAR Cured Hams, Dried Beef and Bacon, at DENNISTON'S.

ONIDA Community Fruits in Glass, at DENNISTON'S.

BRANDIED Fruits, Olives, Apples, imported Vinegars, at DENNISTON'S.

ROSE Water, Orange Flower Water, Florida Water, Toilet Water and Colognes, at DENNISTON'S.

GLASSINES, all the leading makes of Glassines and Lamp Glasses, at DENNISTON'S.

23 Different varieties of Paraffine goods, at DENNISTON'S.

SIX of the Leading Brands of Chocolates, at DENNISTON'S.

GRADED Pine Apple and Pure D. Peaches, at DENNISTON'S.

PEARCE'S Soda Crackers, also other Fine and Staple Crackers, at DENNISTON'S.

J. W. NICOLL Oysters received direct from Baltimore, at 25, 35 and 45 cents, are the best and cheapest in the market, at DENNISTON'S.

I am receiving goods every day and have the best lot of goods that I ever had, all and inspect. J. A. DENNISTON. aug21d

**FALL AND Winter Goods!**

Having cleared out the entire stock of the Albany Woolen Mills in all kinds of goods of its manufacture, we will give you

**Bargains Never Before Heard of**

In this Line of Goods.

**We Will Open the Campaign**

By putting upon our Counters 100 Pieces

**Water Proof Cloth**

From 25 to 55 cents. 100 Dozen

**Ladies' and Childrens' Home Made Skirts.**

The retail price has been nine to twelve shillings. We will sell the same for five and seven shillings. 50 Pairs of

**White Home Made Blankets**

The Best ever for the money. 100 Pairs of

**Grey Blankets!**

The same. 50 Pieces of

**ALL WOOL FLANNELS**

At the same reduction. 10 Cases of

**FIRST CLASS PRINTS,**

At 5 cents. 10 Cases of

**Hamilton, Merrimac, Sorague and Allen Prints.**

16 Yards for One Dollar. 10 Yards all

**LINEN CRASH!**

For Eight Shillings.

Cotton Batting, Shirting, Ticking, the Cheapest ever known; all kinds of goods that the people want at the lowest prices.

**Ladies', Children, and Gents' Underwear.**

We have received this day 20 dozen of the celebrated Bathing Suits, Vests, and Wool Underwear for Ladies and Gents. These goods are without comparison the Best Goods in the United States. Come and see them. We will sell you the Best Ladies' Wrapper in the State for 50 cents. Beautiful Childrens' Underwear, from two to three shillings. All other kinds in proportion. Respectfully yours,

**Smith & Bostwick.**

**Among the Late Arrival AT Wheelock's Crockery Store**

**IS AN INVOICE OF Boots' Summertime Dinner and Tea Ware**

of our own importation. This ware is black print on ivory body, durable goods at a low price. Ten different patterns of printed English Dinner ware are also in stock among them Milton's Copeland's, the celebrated "Dinner Plates" and Wedgwood's Prints in Black, Brown, Pink and Blue. The ware is in large variety. Immense stock of Malacca Ware in new and useful articles. Large variety of decorated Chamber Sets. One lot of 30 sets, bought in New York at a price, your customers can now have the benefit of. Artistic and low price. The glassware is elegant lot of Novelty and Staples in Silver. The best triple-plate Dinner-Cutlery in the world. Vases, Colored Sets, Gift Caps and Saucers, Card Receivers, Epergnes, Jardiniere Pots, Dolls, Toys, Japanese Boxes and Cabinets and—It is easier to tell what is not there. Come and look over the museum for yourself. Pure lead glass Chimes with a label on each one, also the cheap time glass ones. Look over the job lot Table, Stand, Lamp, Burner and Chimney complete sets. Rogers' best groups. oct13dly

**JAMES MORGAN,**

346 AND 348

East Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.,

**Buy and Sells More First Class FLANNELS, BLANKETS, HOSIERY, DRESS GOODS, DOLMANS, SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, MILLINERY,**

Laces, Fringes, Gloves, Linens, Underwear, Corsets, Skirts, Handkerchiefs, &c., than any other house in the Northwest.

**MR. MORGAN BUYS**

Direct from the Manufacturers,

In conjunction with large houses in Auburn and Albany, N. Y., Norwell and New London, Conn.; Buffalo, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Cleveland, Wilmington, North Carolina, and Detroit, thereby saving all intermediate profits.

**TAKE OUT YOUR MEMORANDUM BOOK!**

And jot down the articles from this list that your Father, Brother, Husband, Son or particular Friend would appreciate for a Holiday Gift.

Suit of Clothes, Shirts, Overcoat, Collars, Hat, Cuffs, Cap, Neckties, Trunk, Suspenders, Valise, Underwear, Knit Jacket, Buffalo Robes, Worsted Scarf, Wolf Robes, Silk Mufflers, Umbrellas, Cashmere do. Wristlets, Silk Hand'fs, Fancy Hosiery, Linen Handkerchiefs.

Got 'em down? Yes.

Well, go straight to SMITH & SON'S and they will show you twice the assortment of any store in the city, and then they have so much finer goods than you will find at the other places. All Goods Marked in Plain Figures at the very lowest prices.



## An Accession to the Spoonendyke Family.

"Well, well, well," said Mr. Spoonendyke, with a grin that involved his whole head, and an effort at a tip-toe tread that shook the whole house. "And so's a girl, my dear."

Mrs. Spoonendyke smiled faintly, and Mr. Spoonendyke picked up his hairbrush.

"It's the image of you," she said, regarding with some trepidation Mr. Spoonendyke's method of handling the infant.

"I don't see how you make that out," said Mr. Spoonendyke, gravely. "I don't know when my nose looked like the thumb part of a boiled lobster-claw. Do I understand you that my eyes bear any resemblance to the head of a screw?"

"I mean the general features," murmured Mrs. Spoonendyke.

"The general features seem to be all mouth," retorted Mr. Spoonendyke, examining his acquisition. "If our general features are at all alike, my visitor must remember you of an earthquake. Hi! kitchee! kitchee! What makes her fold up her legs like that?"

"She can't help it," reasoned Mrs. Spoonendyke. "They'll straighten out in time."

"No time like the present," quoted Mr. Spoonendyke, and he took his daughter's feet and commenced pulling her limbs. "I don't want any bandy-legged feet in this family while I'm at the head of it."

Naturally the baby began to cry and Mr. Spoonendyke essayed to soothe it.

"Hi! kitchee! kitchee! kitchee-o-o!" he chirruped. "Great Scott, what a cavern! Hi! kitchee! kitchee-o! You'll have to get that mouth roofed in before cold weather. What's the matter with her, anyway?"

"Perhaps you hurt her. Let me take her, please," pleaded helpless Mrs. Spoonendyke.

"She's doing well enough. Hi! you! Hold up! Haven't you anything to catch this mouth in? It's spilling all over the neighborhood. Hi! Topay, Genevieve, Cleopatra, dry up! I'm going to have trouble breaking this young one's temper. I can see that. Here! bend the other way once!" and Mr. Spoonendyke tried to straighten his offspring with his mail.

"Let her come to me, do, please," moaned Mrs. Spoonendyke, and Mr. Spoonendyke was forced to hand her over.

"Well, that's quite a baby," said he, nursing his knee and eyeing the infant. "What are those bumps over its eyes for? What preponderance of intelligence do they represent?"

"You mustn't talk so," remonstrated Mrs. Spoonendyke. "She's the handsomest child you ever saw."

"Well, she's got to stop biting her nails before she goes any further with the procession. Here, take your hands out of your mouth, can't you? Why don't you put her hands down?"

"Why, all babies do that," exclaimed Mrs. Spoonendyke. "You can't stop that."

"I'm going to try," said Mr. Spoonendyke, and I don't think he interfered with his bringing in the child. Here, you, Mand S. Bonestetter, put your hands in your pockets. Don't let me see any more nail chewing, or you and I'll get mixed up in an argument. She got that from your family, Mrs. Spoonendyke."

"Say, dear, don't you want to go and order some things," asked Mrs. Spoonendyke.

"No," rejoined her husband. "I want to see this youngster. Where's her chin? Do babies always have their upper jaw set right on their shoulders? Kitchee! kitchee! Her scalp comes clear to the bridge of her nose. I don't believe she's quite right. Where's her forehead? Great Moses! Her head is all on the back part! Say, that baby's got to be pressed. That's no shape."

"Get away," exclaimed Mrs. Spoonendyke, indignantly. "She's a perfect angel. There's nothing in the world the matter with her."

"Of course you know," growled Mr. Spoonendyke. "You don't want anything more than a fog horn and a mis-spent appropriation to be an orphan asylum. If I had your faith and the collie I'd make a living as a foundling's home! She'll be old enough to speak in a week, won't she?"

"No, she won't!" said Mrs. Spoonendyke. "She'll never be old enough for that."

"I'll bet she will," growled Mr. Spoonendyke. "If she isn't, she'll get it before she matures up to that period. That's all. Let me take her. Here, let's have her."

But Mrs. Spoonendyke flatly refused.

"Keep your dog-gasted baby, then!" roared Mr. Spoonendyke. "If you know more about babies than I do, then keep her. The way you could have one would think she was a new paper for the complexion. If you had one more brain and a handle, you'd make a fair rattlesnake! Fit up with a broken sofa and a grease spot and you'd do for a second-hand nursery."

And Mr. Spoonendyke started off to find his friend Speckelwitt, who congratulated him, and started off with him to assist in the selection of an overcoat and a pair of ear-muffs as precaution against the approaching winter.

—Brooklyn Eagle.

"Burnt Children."

There is no terror summing up of the system or law of natural punishments than in the trite old proverb about "burnt children." They do "dread fire" and until they have been "burnt" they don't know anything about "fire." How should they? The eye teaches them nothing about it except that it is beautiful to look at; the ear, that it crackles and roars like a great wind in a forest, or in its going out, sighs and hispers like the breath of a lover. To the chilled frame it is comfort, restoration, strength; in a myriad ways we must use it perpetually or the machinery of living would come to a stop and endless miseries set in at once. Nevertheless, if we for a single moment use it wrongly, let it come too close, leave it without check, guard, control, it destroys us and our labors in an hour; hanging over our heads, "burnt," we "dread" it the rest of our lives, and if we are burnt twice it is not, unless we are foolish, by our own fault.

And in the training of children all effective and truly reformatory punishments must be devised and dealt on this plan. It takes much more time than the empirical method of simply making sure that if a child is naughty he "suffers for it" by means of blows, or other cheap and hasty methods of inflicting short-lived pain. If a child breaks a law—either a natural law or a law made and founded on natural reasons by a parent—he should be caused to suffer in the precise way which is the natural sequence of the particular type of offense he has committed, and would be always found by him to the end of life to be the natural sequence of that type of offense.

This method not only takes more time than the old empirical method but it

takes much more thought. It requires no little ingenuity to devise and carry out such carefully apportioned discipline and discriminating punishments. But it can be done, and its doing has this recommendation, that once done it is done once for all.

A child taught on this plan is taught; not trained. With patience and a persistent use of arbitrary rewards and penalties any young animal can be trained to do and not to do a surprising large number of things; to obey commands instantaneously and to recognize his trainer as a person to be obeyed on all occasions. The instant and technical obedience to commands, which seems to be with many parents the sole thing they desire to secure and receive from their children, seems to me to be very much on a level with the training above described, and of comparatively little more worth.

There are many simple and natural punishments which it is easy to explain to a child—even to a very young child; so doing, to so enforce the natural law which they are based that they will before long understand it as well as he understands that water will make him wet. For instance, if he is disorderly, and persists in leaving his playthings in great confusion about the house, leaves his knife, slate, pencil, carelessly where they are exposed to being lost, take things so left away from him and hide them. Deprive him of them at first for a short interval of time; if this does not effect the cure, then for a longer one; and if he still persists in the bad habit, warn him that they will be taken away and given to some other child for good and all. This is what happens to grown-up people if they are careless and disorderly. Their things are destroyed or lost, and they have to go without them, often at great inconvenience. This is the natural, universal, inevitable punishment of disorderly living, lack of system and care-taking. If it should so happen that a child, persistently disorderly, were to some day lose a much desired trip or excursion, and be obliged to stay indoors all day because he could not find his boots, or cap, or coat, it would be a lesson worth a hundred sermons, and all other sorts of punishments put together.

If a child is ill-natured, fretful, cross, few things work so well as leaving him alone, not carrying him off, or shutting him up, which at first sight might appear to be the same thing, and mean as much to him. Not at all. That is not what happens to grown people who are ill-natured and fretful. We go away from them, we avoid their houses, we let them alone. When a mother gathers up her work and says: "Well, dear, I'm going into another room! I can't stay in the room with such a cross boy any longer. Come, children, come away. Let's go where it is pleasant!" that strikes home instantly to the child's love of companionship, love of approval, sense of shame. In nine cases out of ten he will beg them not to go, and become pleasant on the instant. If she takes him by the arm, under arrest, as it were, leads him off and shuts him up, it assumes instantly the shape of a penalty inflicted arbitrarily; he is not allowed to stay in company with his mother, and he is conscious that he is ill-natured, and he will immediately feel rebelliousness in addition to his ill-nature, and will often "stuff it out" a good while in his solitary imprisonment, declaring that he likes it.

These are only two instances. They are enough to illustrate the principle, however, and many more would occur readily to the mind upon a little thought. The principle is as old as the world and will last to the end of it; nay, farther, it will last as long as human souls live; it is the key to the record of eternity.—Cor. Christian Union.

The Paris Morgue.

The Morgue is a pleasant, one-story building, located on the middle of a bridge close to Notre Dame. Every convenience is afforded the public for seeing the show. The entire front of the dead reception-room is of glass. You pass in line in at one door and out at the other, and take the corpses as you file through. Everybody living in the city of town takes in the Morgue on their morning trips to business. "Work girls, laborers, washerwomen, soldiers and citizens, all flock here to see the latest-arrived dead man or woman. There is disappointment and vexation on mornings when the zinc beds on which the dead are exposed, are found empty. The Parisian wants a corpse daily, and he wants a fresh one. It is singular how quickly one hero can cultivate this taste for corpses. There is a fascination in their rigidity and immobility as they lie there quite unsaved the cloth over the loins. Through with breathing, through with eating and drinking. No quiver or shiver as the cold jets of spray fall on the naked flesh. No uneasy turnings or shiftings of position. So it stays all day, while without, peering through the glass, the uneasy living crowd shuffles and stares, and wonder where it has gone, to and what it is doing, or if there now be any to go, or think, or do. It's a awful mystery which that stiff mass of flesh has for them. Yesterday, alive and poking about in the gutter for a crust, while its troublesome stomach gnawed and cried for bread, they would have passed it by with scorn or indifference. To-day, toes up, and nothing inside to gnaw or fret, or worry or pain, or joy, and it is a grim curiosity. All about are hung coats, pantaloons, hats and neckties, found on the dead. The gaudy colors of some of these ties are faded by soaking in the river. Bonnets, also, with washed-out uncured feathers and faded artificial flowers and leaves. In the hallway are hung photographs of unrecognized corpses, drowned, murdered or asphyxiated. These, too, are nude to the waist, and the stabs in the breast are well brought out. The pose is the pose of the dead—limp, unstrung, lifeless, unshapely. The arms, simple hanging, the shoulders droop. The neck hangs. The lower jaw down. The eyes closed or filmy. The cheeks sunken. The nostrils pinched. The whole a horrible ruin. Well! Why complain? Isn't this recreation? Does Paris, if properly worked, leave you a heavy hour on your hands? Whereunto next? Nowhere in particular. Smoke your French cigar. Made of tobacco grown on French tobacco farms and soaked in a liquid in which Havana tobacco has been steeped, that the tobacco is wonderfully people. Forget the strength of the foreign tobacco and incorporate it with their own.—Frederic Malford, in San Francisco Chronicle.

An Austin father rebuked his son for drinking at a saloon. "Didn't you used to drink at the saloons when you were of my age?" asked the promising young man. "Yes, but I saw the folly of it and gave it up." "Well, how am I to see the folly of it, so I can give it up, unless I go there?" Verdict for the junior member of the firm and no appeal.—Texas Siftings.

## EMERALD GROVE.

—John W. Jones, of Callioun county, Iowa, was here to attend the funeral of his brother, Henry D. Jones.

—Ensign Hanson arrived from Dakota last week.

—Mrs. Hamlin has been quite sick, but is better.

—Dr. Felkins, wife and daughter were here, Sunday and Monday, and were greeted by their friends.

—Miss Webster, of Iowa, is a guest at her niece's, Mrs. Allen Joiner.

—Blacksmiths have plenty to do, shoeing horses and repairing wagons.

—The social at Peter Delamater's passed off very pleasantly.

—The Congregational house was packed last Sunday evening on the occasion of Forefathers day. Willie Jackson, Misses, Susie Jones, Clara Wright, Libbie Plantz, Mrs. J. Jones, and Mr. George Tutthill took part in readings, after which a hymn and prayer were read.

—The Pilgrim Fathers' and "Book of Our Liberty," and the resident pastors made brief addresses.

—Sorry we could not attend Mr. David Dykeman's tin wedding on Tuesday evening.

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The circulation of the Gazette is larger than that of any other newspaper in Rock county.

BUSINESS & PLEASURE.

**TAKE NOTICE**—All accounts due at Richardson & Bro. not settled by January first, 1882, 7 per cent interest will be charged from date of bill.

Respectfully,  
A. RICHARDSON & BRO.

A MAN always feels puts out when he is taken in.

A good white shirt only 50 cents, at Archie Reid's.

The warmest kind a hat—one that's got stove in.

Whitely jet goods at Mrs. Saddle's.

ONLY one of a kind, those sample Dry Goods and Notions so cheap at Archie Reid's.

A COMBINATION lock: The marriage ceremony.

Great reduction on Dress Goods, Silks, Satins, Cloakings and all winter goods at Archie Reid's.

HURRY parties: Mothers with daughters to marry.

LADIES and gentlemen—I have a fine line of the most acceptable Christmas presents: Fine Oxford Smoking Sets, Meerschaum Pipes, Meerschaum Cigar Holders, Meerschaum Cigarette Holders, Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Fine French Briar Pipes, Fine Havana Cigars, by the box at wholesale prices.

Jas. S. CLARK, O. P. O.

"You are a brilliant and versatile bouquet of loveliness," he said, with a voice that was low and soft, and in return she warbled, "Dry up, George; you've said enough."

And still they come, Archie Reid has just received the entire stock of a manufacturer of Dolmans and Cloaks and can sell them for less money than usual, wholesale prices; see them they must be sold.

A young lady dressed in much false hair was warbling at the piano, and when her mother summoned her to assist in some household duties, her rosy lips opened prettily and she snapped out, "O, do it yourself." And then went on singing, "Kind words can never die."—*Norristown Herald.*

A VERITABLE "horn of plenty" for the holidays—the well-filled store of Archie Reid.

If crying babies had any sense, they never would take their mothers to maternity.

A big bundle for a little money—those bargains at Archie Reid's.

It is said that figures won't lie; but the figures of some women are very deceptive, to say the least.

BUFFALO robes cheap at Wm. Saddle's, Myers house block, East Milwaukee street.

A MEXICAN girl living at Tuscola has three well-developed arms. She can do up her hair without crumpling her month full of hairpins.

A few elegant silk dress patterns left at Archie Reid's.

THERE is nothing very original in a money market report. It is too full of quotations.

HOUSE blankets cheap at Wm. Saddle's, Myers' house block, East Milwaukee street.

They have a disagreeable way in Canon City, Colorado, when a man takes a broken chair to the cabinet shop, saying: "Hit you with the chair, did she?" This is very trying to the average citizen.

WOLF robes at Wm. Saddle's, Myers house block East Milwaukee street.

A MORMON never speaks of his better half, but of his better eighth or sixteenth, as case may be.

\$100.00 REWARD FOR A BETTER REMEDY.—Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for Piles. See advertisement in another column. Price \$1.00.

UNDER the head of "Musical," a Cleveland paper gives an account of a horse trot. Presumably it was an attempt to beat time.—*Boston Post.*

STOP THAT COUGH—Moore's Pectoral Lozenges are warranted to cure any case. Try them. Price 25 cents per bottle.

A LONDON woman rotheistic says Mr. Irving's legs are humped and utter, but his left leg is a poem. An l-g, as it were.—*Norristown Herald.*

TRUNKS and suitcases cheap at Wm. Saddle's, Myers' house block, East Milwaukee street.

A COLLECTOR joke from the Trinity Tablet: "Fresh—'May I have the pleasure?' 'Miss Society—'Out.' 'What does 'we' mean?' 'Miss S.—'O. U. and I.'"

FOR SALE.—\$1200 will buy a large house and lot, with good barn, on South Main street. Small payment down, long time on balance. Inquire at Gazette office.

A PROMINENT New York lawyer confidentially informs us that during his divorce case but what there was a woman in it.

For Toilet and Holiday goods call on Prentice & Evenson, the Drugists, opposite the Post Office, Janesville, Wis.

They sell Odor Cases, Cologne Sets, Toilet Cases and Perfumes very cheap.

It's NONSENSE—to suffer with dyspepsia or pleurisy, or inflammation of the kidneys, when by going to the Grand Hotel or to Stearns & Baker's drugstore, you can get a bottle of E. S. Reynolds' wonderful discovery, which will give immediate relief, and effect a permanent cure. If not, your money will be refunded. Also, a sure cure for catarrh of the head, go to Stearns & Baker's for sample bottles, free.

A COLORED preacher, in translating to his hearers the sentence, "The harvest is over, the season is ended, and thy soul is not saved," put it, "Do corn has been cribbed, dere ain't no more work, and de debil is still footin' wid dis community."

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul.

For Chicago and East, via Beloit.	For Milwaukee and East.	For Madison, St. Paul and North.
11:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
1:30 P. M.	1:30 P. M.	1:30 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.
8:00 P. M.	8:00 P. M.	8:00 P. M.

Chicago & Northwestern.

Day Express.	For Chicago and East, via Beloit.	For Milwaukee and East.	For Madison, St. Paul and North.
11:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
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Chicago & Northwestern.

SAD NEWS.

Last evening Mr. William H. Tallman received a telegram from William Kemp, announcing the death of William Kemp, who formerly lived here, and was for a time interested in business with Mr. Tallman.

On receipt of the news Mr. Tallman started for the east, expecting to reach there in time for the funeral. Mr. Kemp had a large circle of friends and acquaintances in and about this city, and the interest he has taken in affairs here since he removed to the east, his generosity and his thoughtfulness of friends have made his name familiar to many who never met him.

He was born in Ireland, and had reached the age of about sixty years. He first came to this city from New York over thirty years ago, and remained here until the fall of 1857, when he removed to New York. During his residence here he took the liveliest and most practical interest in all that concerned the city and its prosperity. He was especially interested in the fire department, and was mainly instrumental in organizing the hook and ladder company in 1852; and of the engine companies about two or three years later. He was foreman of Water Witch company No. 2, from the time of its organization until he left here for New York, and during that time, as he has since, showed great interest in the welfare and improvement of the whole department. He did not allow this interest to weaken, and during the years of his residence in New York he has frequently shown a practical and generous concern for its welfare, by sending various presents and helps. Four years ago, at the dedication of the East Side engine house, he came in person to share in the doings and greet his old friends here.

Another special object of interest to him here was the Baptist church, of which he was a member. He aided it greatly in its early days, and from that day to this has generously contributed of his money to its support, it not being long since he cheerfully sent here \$300 to help sweep off its indebtedness.

In business Mr. Kemp was straightforward, enterprising and justly successful. While here he was engaged in the drug business, and at various times was interested with W. W. Holden, H. W. Collins, and W. H. Tallman. Since his residence in New York he has been in the same line of business, the firm being Lammann & Kemp, one of the largest houses of that line in New York.

He had much true manhood, a great heart, a strong attachment for friends, a kindness of spirit, which gained for him a strong hold upon this community, and the news of his death will sadden many here.

DECEASED.

By the unthinking, Burdock has been considered a weed, and his luxuriant growth, unpleasant smell, etc., has rendered it to those "not knowing its virtues," a nuisance, and yet the most useful and long acknowledged by savants as most diuretic, aperient and blood purifier. BURDOCK Blood Bitters embody all its good qualities. Price \$1.00 trial size 10 cents.

Sold by A. J. Roberts, and F. Sherer & Co.

UGLY JAMES.

Yesterday James Sullivan was released from jail, where he had been serving a twenty days' sentence. He took advantage of his new found liberty to start out on a spree, and not having the necessary cash to pay for drinks he used threats, and succeeded in bulldozing enough bartenders to get all he wanted. He is ugly enough when sober, and when drunk he is altogether too ugly to utter a word. Last night he was in this second stage of ugliness, and made a scattering along the sidewalk. He charged through the ranks of the band, which was playing for the Fair and was about to make other raids, when the Marshal nipped him, and a lively struggle ensued. James was finally handcuffed and safely lodged in jail. He slept in those handcuffs, and this morning was somewhat tamed in spirit when he was brought before Judge Patton. He presented a hard appearance. His coat opened in front and behind giving two pretty even chances for the zephyrs of heaven to play with his drapery. He was dirty, despondent and dejected. Four months at hard labor!

A Lady's Wish.

"Oh, how I wish my skin was as clear and soft as yours," said a lady to her friend. "You can easily make it so," said the friend. "How?" inquired the first lady. "By using Hop Bitters, that makes pure, rich blood and blooming health. It did it for me, as you observe." Read of it.

PERSONAL.

—Miss Nellie Hunt, who is now one of the corps of instructors at Lawrence University, Appleton, is to spend her holiday vacation at her home in this city.

—We learn through Lockport, N. Y., papers, that A. S. Beverly, mayor of that city, is dangerously ill. The Lockport and Buffalo physicians, after consultation, pronounce him in a very critical condition. Mr. Beverly is a relative of J. B. Crosby, and is known to many of our citizens.

—Mr. Norton and Mr. Morgan, both of Cresco, Iowa, arrived in the city this morning, and are the guests of the latter's brother, County Clerk Morgan. Mr. Norton is one of the best dairymen in Iowa, and has a farm which is complete in every detail—a model dairy farm in fact. He is making about 100 pounds of butter daily, and one firm in New Orleans takes the entire product. Mr. Morgan, after paying a brief visit to his brother here, will visit friends in other parts of the State, he having been away for about six years.

There is MORE STRENGTH restoring power in a 50 cent bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic than in a bushel of malt or a gallon of milk. As an appetizer, blood purifier and kidney corrector, there is nothing like it, and invalids find a wonderful invigorant for mind and body. See other column.

"THE FEMALE DETECTIVE."

Last evening the Simon comedy company opened its week's engagement at the Opera house, by presenting the sensational comedy of the above title. The audience was quite small, which was due largely to the fact that the company was unknown here, and many preferred to wait and see what merit they would show, and how those who did attend, enjoyed the entertainment. The new steam heating apparatus of the Opera house worked like a charm. It was not a cold night, to be sure, but still it was a decidedly novel and encouraging sight to see one after another of the gentlemen rise and pull off their overcoats. The unusual heat made them hop up and open their jackets like pop-corn over the coals. Ladies tossed aside their furs and loosened the fastenings of their cloaks. There is no sort of doubt but that the Opera house can now be heated.

The orchestra last evening showed itself to be all that was promised. It furnished excellent music, and added greatly to the enjoyability of the occasion. The play itself was a very interesting one, touched with sensationalism, and comedy. The company proved to be a very fair one indeed. There was no startling genius shown by any one, but very good work was done by all, and the audience was pleased, as was evidenced by the hearty applause and laughter. J. A. Simon, as the German sharper, was excellent, and Frank P. Lindon was no less so. Ella Mason as the deserted wife, and Amelia Waugh as her mother were very good. The other members of the company took their parts fairly, making a very pleasing entertainment, of average merit.

To-night the emotional comedy "Fate; or Lost and Won," will be given.

To-morrow afternoon the great auction sale of jewelry, silverware, etc., opens at Hoinstreet's old store on Main street. Get holiday goods at your own prices. G. W. Wheeler, auctioneer.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Transfers of real estate filed for record in the office of Register of Deeds, by C. L. Valentino:

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 14.  
Michael Leashy to John Burns, 40 4-100 acres, section 18, in town of Rock. \$1,000.00  
Bank of Evansville to Henry Longfield, a lot in the village of Evansville. 1,300.00  
S. P. Morgan to Milton Junction Building Association, lots in Milton Junction. 8,000.00  
Isaac Persall to Thomas Kiley, lot on section 27, Milton. 20.00  
George Brown, to L. A. Peckham, forty acres, in section 13, of Clinton. 1,200.00

THURSDAY, DEC. 15.

F. R. Cheney to Almira Furant, lots 9 and 11, block 27, village of Beloit. 1,500.00  
E. J. Ellis to J. G. Ellis, in block 6, of Hanover. 1,000.00

FRIDAY, DEC. 16.

Clinton, Sheffield, to A. H. Pearson, 50 acres, in section 2, of Clinton. 2,100.00  
Jenny Muzzy to P. E. Stiles, lot in Clinton village. 700.00

SATURDAY, DEC. 17.

A. N. Randall to S. Olson, 24 1/2 acres in section 8, of Avon. 700.00  
H. P. Thinsgold to L. O. Walden, 40 acres in section 9, Avon. 700.00  
P. Lawler to M. Burke, 36 acres in section 19, town of Rock. 2,000.00

MONDAY, DEC. 19.

M. A. Rose to John McDaniels, 40 acres in section 14, Avon. 400.00  
E. H. Wilbur to W. H. Wilbur, 1/2 acre in section 27, Milton. 200.00  
E. C. W. Phillips to D. M. Phillips, lot 18, block 7, village of Clinton. 1,000.00

TUESDAY, DEC. 20.

W. W. Child to G. Searls, 80 acres in section 12, Union. 1,600.00  
Christian Bohls to Carl Nehls, 40 acres in section 9, Center. 1,200.00

Catarrah.

Clear head and voice, easy breathing, sweet breath, perfect smell, taste and hearing, no cough, no distress. These are conditions brought about in Catarrah by the use of Sanford's Radical Cure. One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and one Improved Inhaler, in one package, for \$1.

Death to rats and vermin, Parsons' Extremator.

Few physicians have the opportunity that Dr. Price has, in investigating and examining the various forms of Chronic diseases, and the fact of his practice being constantly on the increase, goes to prove the efficiency of his treatment. His reputation and success becoming so extended, the number of years that he has enjoyed it, his devotion to the pursuits and studies of his profession, is one of the strongest testimonials that can be given him. His next time for receiving patients at Janesville, Myers' house, on Saturday, the 31st of December.

THE WEATHER.

REPORTED BY PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS.  
The thermometer at 6 o'clock last night stood at 35 degrees above; at 1 o'clock A. M. to-day, at 34 degrees above; at 7 o'clock A. M. at 33 degrees above; and at 1 o'clock P. M. at 42 degrees above. Rain.

The indications to-day are, cloudy weather, with rain or snow, winds, mostly from the northeast, stationary or higher temperature, and lower pressure.

Mirabile Dicta.

"Your Sperm Blossom is a success. I certainly think its effects are wonderful; all the dyspeptic symptoms I complained of have vanished; my wife is also enthusiastic in praise of it; she was disgraced by blotches and pimples on her face, and had a continuous headache. She is all right now, and all unsightly eruptions have gone. You may refer any doubting parties to me."  
"R. M. WILLIAMSON, Elk Street, Buffalo, N. Y."  
Price 10 cents, trial bottles 10 cents. Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Sherer & Co.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

JANESVILLE MARKETS.

Reported for the Gazette by dump & Gray, Grain and Produce Dealers.

JANESVILLE, December 21.

FLOUR—New Process \$1.70 per sack; Graham \$1.80 per sack; Patent \$2.00 per sack; BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, \$1.25 per sack. MEAL—corn, \$1.25 per sack; FEED—\$1.25 per 100 lbs. MIDDINGS—\$0.10 per 100 lbs. TON \$12.00. HAY—No. 1, \$1.25 per ton; No. 2, \$1.10 per ton; No. 3, \$1.00 per ton. CLOVER—No. 1, \$1.25 per ton; No. 2, \$1.10 per ton; No. 3, \$1.00 per ton. CORN—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. OATS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. WHEAT—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. RYE—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. BARLEY—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. POTATOES—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. SWEET POTATOES—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. CABBAGES—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. BRUSSELS SPRING CABBAGES—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. CAULIFLOWERS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. BROCCOLI—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. ASPARAGUS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. BEANS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. PEAS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. LENTILS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. MUNG BEANS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. SOY BEANS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. PUMPKINS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. SQUASHES—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. MELONS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. CUCUMBERS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. EGGS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. BUTTER—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. CHEESE—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. LARD—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. TALLOW—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. SOAP—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. CANDLES—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. GLASS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. PAINTS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. OILS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. FATS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. MEATS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. BONES—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. SKINS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. HIDE—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. HORNS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. TAILS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. CLAWS—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. TEETH—No. 1, \$1.25 per bushel; No. 2, \$1.10 per bushel; No. 3, \$1.00 per bushel. EYES—No. 1